



AIIB in South Asia: The Big Picture

Between 2016 and 2025, AIIB has committed over \$6.9 billion to South Asia's energy sector. But how green is that money?

AIIB's Financial Footprint in South Asian Energy Projects



India | US \$ 3.024 B



Bangladesh | US \$2,326 M



Pakistan | US \$550 M

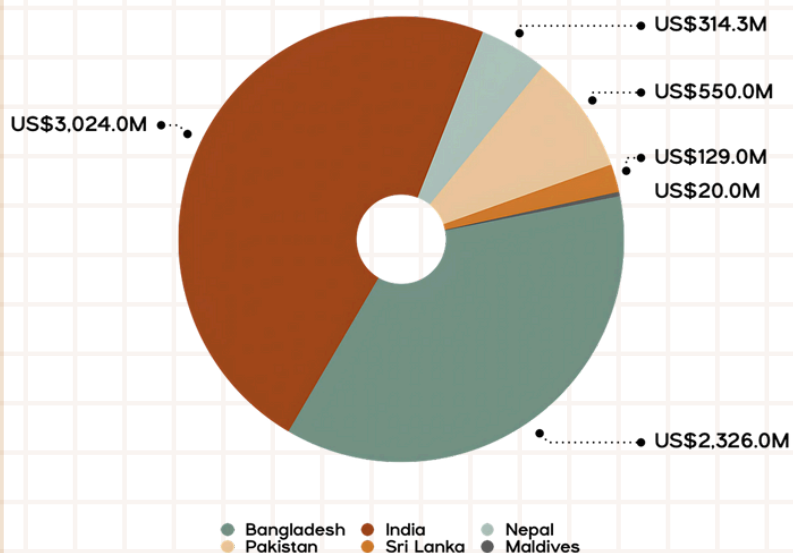


Nepal | US \$314.3 M

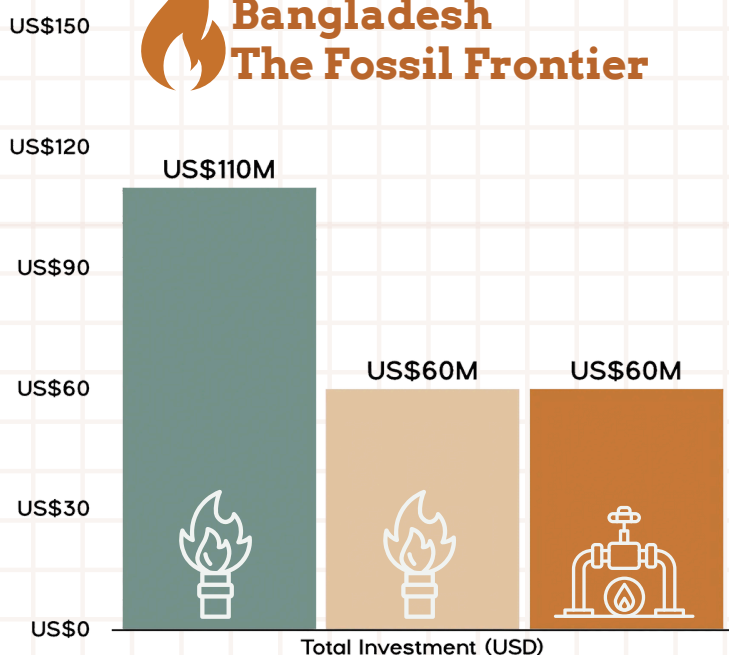


Sri Lanka | US \$129 M

TOTAL FUNDING PER COUNTRY



Bangladesh The Fossil Frontier



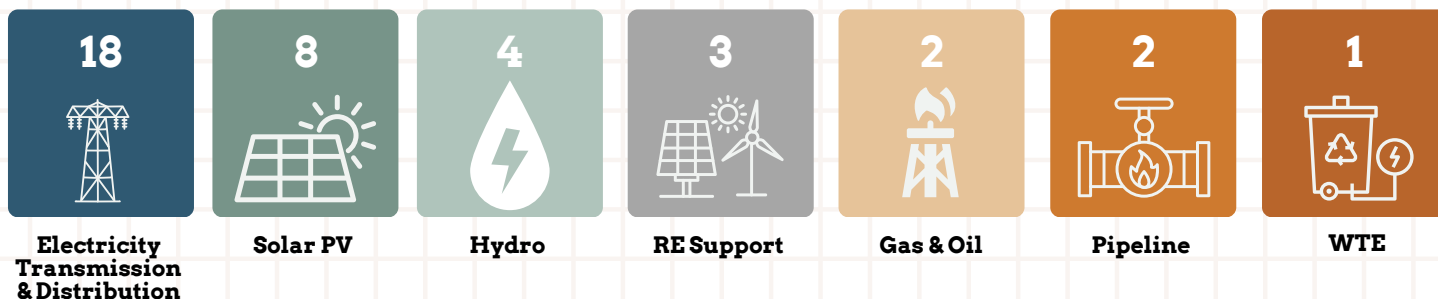
- Unique Meghnaghat IPP -- Gas & Oil
- Bangladesh Bhola IPP -- Gas & Oil
- Natural Gas Infrastructure and Efficiency Improvement -- Pipeline



LARGEST AIIB FUNDED PROJECT

Maharashtra Climate Resilient Renewable Energy Program
US \$1.1 Billion

Total number of projects by type



AIIB Projects by Environmental & Social Risk Category

Category A – Projects with serious, often irreversible environmental or social impacts that are widespread or long-lasting. Require thorough review.

Category B – Projects with limited, site-specific impacts that are mostly reversible and manageable with standard measures.

Category C – Projects with minimal or no expected environmental or social harm. Only a basic review is needed.

Category FI – Funds are channeled through a financial institution, which oversees sub-projects using its own environmental and social safeguards.'

Source: [AIIB Environmental and Social Framework](#)

Category A (High risk)



Category B (Moderate risk)



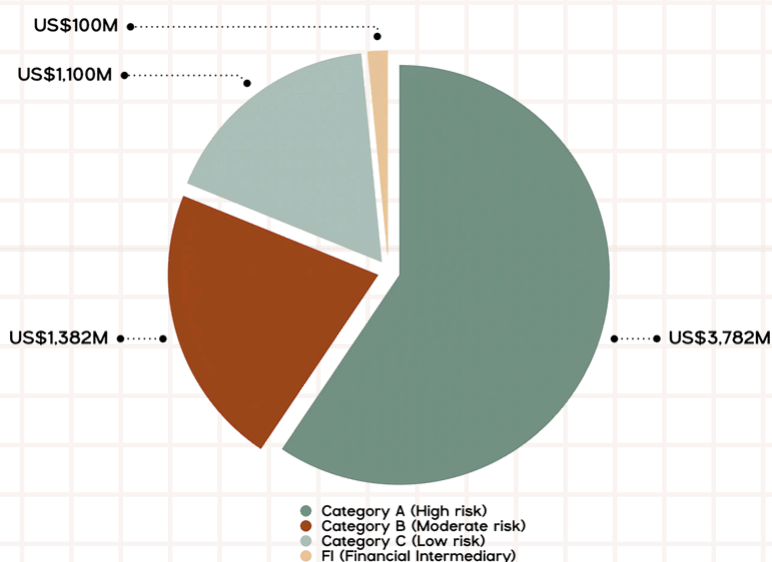
Category C (Low risk)



FI (Financial Intermediary) 1



AIIB Investments & associated risk levels



NOTABLE PROJECTS

LARGEST CATEGORY A PROJECT
Southern Chattogram Transmission Project
US \$160 Million

FIRST WTE IN BANGLADESH
North Dhaka Waste to Energy US \$100 Million
(Category A)

Put communities at the heart of energy development

As major AIIB investments flow into South Asia's energy sector, it's essential to ensure that local communities are not left behind. Transparent processes, inclusive decision-making, and tangible benefits must guide development to ensure it is both equitable and sustainable.